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The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1845



No. 17,881.

號七十年八十百九千一百七十號

HONGKONG, MONDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1918.

午戌大歲年七國民華中

PRICE \$3.00 Per Month



NOTICE.

ANY EUROPEAN or ASIATIC or INDIAN desiring to leave the Colony should apply in person at the Central Police Station between the hours of 9 A.M. to 1 P.M. and 2 P.M. to 4 P.M. daily. Applicants will be required to produce Passports or Identification papers. All persons, with certain exceptions, who remain in the Colony for more than 7 days are required to Register themselves under the REGISTRATION OF PERSONS ORDINANCE 1918. Forms of Registration giving the particulars required may be obtained at the G.P.O. and at all Police Stations. The Penalty for non compliance is a fine not exceeding \$50.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO., WHICH ARE VENTED THE SHARES OF THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD., and THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE CO.

TOTAL FUNDS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 1914, £23,970,387.
I—Authorized Capital £8,000,000.
Subscribed Capital £4,500,000.
Paid-up Capital £2,437,500.
II—Fire Funds 3,537,047.
III—Life and Annuity Funds 17,367,500.
Banking Fund Account 128,250.
£23,970,387.
Revenue Fire Branch £2,381,458.
" Life and Annuity 2,141,583.
" Branches 537,239.
Revenue Marine Department 478,94.
Other Receipts 111.

The Accumulative Funds of the various Branches are separately invested, and, by Act of Parliament, are set aside to meet the claims under the respective Departments of the Company's Business.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO., Agents.

PEAK TRAMWAYS' COMPANY, LIMITED.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS
7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m...Every 15 minutes.
8.00 a.m. to 9.30 a.m...Every 15 minutes.
9.30 a.m. to 10.0 a.m...Every 15 minutes.
10.30 a.m. to 11.0 a.m...Every 15 minutes.
11.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m...Every 30 minutes.
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m...Every 15 minutes.
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m...Every 10 minutes.
2.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m...Saturdays only...Every 15 minutes.
2.50 p.m. to 4.00 p.m...Every 30 minutes.
2.30 p.m. to 4.00 p.m...Saturdays only...Every 15 minutes.
4.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m...Every 15 minutes.
6.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m...Every 10 minutes.
NIGHT CARS.
8.30 p.m. to 9.30 p.m...10 p.m., 11 p.m.,
11.30 p.m. and 11.45 p.m.
SUNDAYS.
7.30 a.m. to 10.30 a.m...Every 15 minutes.
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m...Every 10 minutes.
11.30 a.m. to 12 noon...Every 15 minutes.
12.00 noon to 12.30 p.m...Every 10 minutes.
12.30 p.m. to 1.30 p.m...Every 15 minutes.
2.00 p.m. to 5.30 p.m...Every 15 minutes.
1.15 p.m. to 6.00 p.m...Every 10 minutes.
6.00 p.m. to 7.00 p.m...Every 15 minutes.
7.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m...Every 10 minutes.

NIGHT CARS on Week Days.

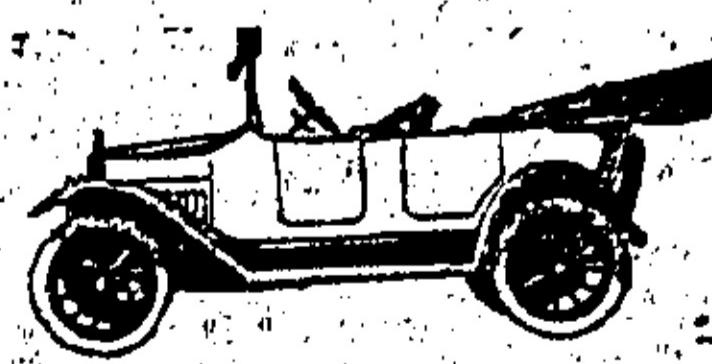
SATURDAYS EXTRA CARS.

1.30 p.m. and 1.30 midnight.

SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the Company's Office, ALEXANDER BUILDINGS, Queen's Road Central.
Coach and punch tickets available for all cars not already full running at the time stated in the Company's time tables, but not for special cars, can be obtained on application at the Company's Office. No coach ticket will be issued until payment thereon has been made in Bank Notes or by Cheque or Comprador order representing Bank Note.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,
General Managers.

METEOR GARAGE



Sole distributors of

MAXWELL CARS.

Automobiles for Hire and
for Sale
at reasonable Price.

Phone 2500.

65 Des Vaux Road
Central.

[338]

TANG YUK, successor of
the late SIEU TING,
of Chinese Service.

TERMS VERY MODERATE
Commission Free.

BUSINESS NOTICES:

W. S. BAILEY & CO., LTD.

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS.

KOWLOON BAY.

Steam and Motor Vessels,

Steel Building Work of every Description.

Castings, Forgings, Repairs and Supplies.

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD. AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

Sailings—To Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 10 p.m. From Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 4 p.m.

SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

Sailings—S.S. "SUI TAI" to Macao daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays 9 a.m.).

S.S. "SUI TAI" to Macao daily at 2 p.m. (Sundays excepted).

S.S. "SUI TAI" from Macao daily at 2 p.m. (Sundays 3 p.m.).

S.S. "SUI TAI" from Macao daily at 7.30 a.m. (Sundays excepted).

Further information may be obtained at the Company's OFFICE, Hotel Mansions, or from Messrs. THOS. COOK & SON, Booking Agents, Hongkong.

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JUST ARRIVED.
Special Consignment
of

WATTLE BLOSSOM HONEY.

Superior in quality and flavour to any other honey in the market.

Expressly prepared for table use.

Sold only in 1 lb. bottles at 75 cents each.

BY
A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,
HONGKONG DISPENSARY.
TEL. 16.

BLUE BIRD.
CONFECTIONERS & CATERERS
ICE CREAM PARLOUR.



HOT and COLD DRINKS.
ALSO DEALERS IN
Gimbals and Orange Blossom American Chocolates. Assorted Fancy Cakes.
Address: Old Post Office Building, Queen's Road & Peeler Street.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL

AND

GRILL ROOM

J. H. TAGGART
MANAGER

THE PEAK HOTEL.

1,500 Feet above Sea Level.

15 Minutes from Landing Stage.

Under the Management of—

MRS. BLAIR.

CARLTON HOTEL.

(THE ONLY AMERICAN HOTEL IN THE COLONY.)

ICE HOUSE STREET.

Under American Management.

Nice and quiet, well lighted, Clean, Scrupulously Clean. Moderate Terms.

Monthly and Family Rates on application to the Proprietress.

Ladies' and Men's Passenger Room.

Telephone Address: CARLTON. MRS. F. E. CAMERON.

TERMS VERY MODERATE
Commission Free.

Phone 2500.

65 Des Vaux Road
Central.

[338]

BUSINESS NOTICES

TAIKOO DOCKYARD.

BUILDERS OF SHIPS & ENGINES

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING COMPANY

OF HONGKONG LTD.

AGENTS:

BUTTERFIELD & SWINE

TELEPHONE 1512

TAIKOO

TELEGRAPH

1512

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LTD.

PORTLAND CEMENT

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.

GENERAL MANAGERS

FOURTH LIBERTY LOAN.

4% - U.S. \$6,000,000,000.

Closes in America 19th October.

Applications will be received by THE INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION up to 15th October on the following terms:

10% on application

20%, 2nd November.

20%, 19th December.

20%, 16th January.

30%, 30th January.

and loans will be granted against this security to enable purchasers to pay in instalments covering longer periods.

Particulars and forms on application.

JUST ARRIVED

LATEST

ENGLISH and AMERICAN

BOOTS & SHOES

IN

BROWN and BLACK

FOR

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

Also New Shipment of

Trunks and Suit Cases

PRICES MODERATE.

YEE SANG FAT CO.

TE. 1355.

84 Queen's Road Central

THE WAR.

CENTRAL POWERS & TURKEY

ASK FOR

AN ARMISTICE.

We are courteously informed that a private wire received this morning from Shanghai states that the French wireless station (which is now in direct communication with France) has received a message announcing that Germany, Austria-Hungary and Turkey have asked the Entente Powers for an armistice.

(Reuters' Service to the China Mail.)

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 6.

The German Chancellor has announced in the Reichstag that he sent a Note to President Wilson, through the Swiss Government on Friday night, requesting President Wilson to take up the question of bringing about Peace and to communicate on the subject with the other belligerents.

SPEECH BY NEW GERMAN CHANCELLOR.

DEMOCRATISATION OF THE GOVERNMENT.

UNCONDITIONAL ACCEPTANCE OF REICHSTAG PEACE RESOLUTION.

PEACE WITH HONOUR WANTED.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 6.

The new Chancellor, Prince Max of Baden, speaking in the Reichstag on the 5th inst., said that by the Imperial decree of September 30th the Empire's political leadership had undergone fundamental alteration. In accordance with the methods of Government he now introduced, and submitted to the Reichstag publicly and without delay the principles on which he proposed to conduct his gravely responsible office. These principles had been firmly established in agreement with the federated governments and the leaders of the Majority party in the Reichstag before he decided to assume the Chancellorship. Hence they contained not merely his confession of political faith but that of the overwhelming portion of the German nation. Only the people supported him gave him strength to undertake the conduct of the Empire's affairs in the present hard and earnest times. One man's shoulders were too weak to carry alone the present tremendous responsibility of Government. Only if the people actively participated through their freely elected political leaders in deciding their destinies, could a statesman confidently assume his part of the responsibility. His resolve to do this was lightened by the fact that the Labour leaders had reached the highest offices in the Empire in the new Government. This offered a sure guarantee that the new Government was supported by the broad masses of the people. The programme of the Majority party on which he took his stand contained the acceptance of the former Imperial Government's answer to the Pope's Note of August 1, 1917, and also the unconditional acceptance of the Reichstag's Resolution of July 19



Hughes & Hough
AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT.

General Auctioneers
Share, Coal and General Produce
Brokers and Commission
Agents.

PROPRIETORS
To-Kwa-Wan' Coal Storage.

Codes used
Bentley's
A. S. C. 4th & 5th Editions.
A. T. Telegraphic Code.

Telegraphic Address
"MILLION" HONGKONG.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (for account of the concerned),

TUESDAY,
the 8th October, 1918, at 2.30 p.m.,
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street,

12-East Hammer Gun by Wilkinson,
London, in good condition.

Also
ENCYCLOPAEDIA BRITANNICA
(36 Volumes) with case.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Oct. 3, 1918.

793

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (for account of the concerned),

TUESDAY,
the 8th Oct., 1918, commencing at
2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street,

Bedsprads, Pillow Cases, Tray Cloths,
Table Covers, Table Centres, Dressing
Table Covers, Single and Double Plain
and Hemstitched Sheets, White Satin
Quilts, Pure Linen Damask Serviettes,
Bath Towels, Turkish Towels, Glass
Cloths, &c., &c.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue).

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Oct. 3, 1918.

793

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TUESDAY,
the 8th Oct., 1918, commencing at
2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street,

TEAKWOOD AND BLACKWOOD
FURNITURE, BRASS-MOUNTED AND
TEAKWOOD TWIN BEDSTEADS,
CURTAINS, CARPETS, &c., &c.,

AND AN ASSORTMENT OF
USEFUL HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

As follows:—
Chesterfield Sofas and Arm-chairs (new),
Folding Card Tables, Uphoistered Suites,
&c., Bedroom Furniture, comprising
Brass Twin Bedsteads, Teak Twin Bed-
steads, Sideboards, Dining Wagons,
Extension Dining Tables and Chairs,
Tea and Occasional Tables, &c., Dinner
Services, Crockery, Glass Ware, Cooking
Stoves, Cutlery, Toilet Sets, &c., Bath
Room Utensils, Sundry Electro-Plated
Ware.

Electric Reading Lamps, Blackwood
and Teakwood Screens, Blackwood
Furniture, including large Blackwood
Screen, Side Tables, Chairs, Cabinets,
&c., Engravings, Pictures, Kinkos and
Brass Vases, &c., &c., Tennis Poles
and Net, Several Carpets, new and
second-hand.

One Portable 3½ H.P. Caille Motors,
Typewriters, Pianos, &c.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue).

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Oct. 2, 1918.

793

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (for account of the concerned),

SATURDAY,
the 12th October, 1918, at 11 a.m.,
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street,

A QUANTITY OF
DRY'S MATERIAL, &c.,

As follows:—
Blue and White Serge, Alpaca (various
colours), Flannel, and Flannelette, an
assortment of Coloured Prints, White
Blankets, Counterpanes, Handkerchiefs,
etc., Toilet Soaps, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Sundry Lots of LINEN GOODS.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Oct. 4, 1918.

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TELEGRAMS:

(Continued from Page 4.)

INTERESTING STRATEGIC
SITUATION.

FAR-REACHING RESULTS
ANTICIPATED.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Reuter's Correspondent at British
Headquarters, telegraphing this
afternoon, says:

"With our line still creeping east-
wards beyond Lens, Armentières and
the whole of the Beaurœuf system,
reported to be in our hands, it may
be said that yesterday was a good
day."

A distinguished officer, fresh from
the thick of the fighting, said:

"We have the Germans pressed and
cocked."

The trend of the fighting has swung
nearly due north and the strategic
effect of yesterday's battle, may
possibly have far-reaching results.

Our patrols pushed on beyond the
Beaurœuf line along the whole
length of the new front.

There has been much heavy
counter-attacking on the Cambrai-St.
Quentin front during the night. We
were driven out but re-captured the
fortified positions of Beaurœuf Mill
and La Motte Farm.

The fighting is very severe around
Soissons. We are maintaining all
our gains. Tanks assisted the in-
fantry most effectively.

Down to last evening over 4,000
prisoners had been counted in the
Fourth Army lines. Prisoners are
still coming in."

AMERICAN FRONT.

STUBBORN FIGHTING ON THE
MEUSE.

MORE POSITIONS CAPTURED.

LONDON, Oct. 5.

An American communiqué states:
This morning we resumed our at-
tack west of the Meuse and overcome
stubborn resistance. We advanced
our lines from 2 to 5 kilometres and
captured Hill 240, north of Exermont
and took the villages of Gesnes,
Fleury, Chéhéry and La Forge.

Despite heavy artillery and
machine-gun fire we forced the enemy
back to the "Kriemhilde" positions,
positions south of Poissie-de-Foret.

DASTARDLY TEUTONIC TRICKERY.

HOW THE AMERICANS WERE
BLUFFED.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Reuter's Correspondent at Ameri-
can Headquarters states:—

When the American troops were
approaching Abri-de-St. Louis, a
hundred Germans ran out with their
hands up. The Americans ceased fire
and allowed the Germans to approach.
We advanced our lines from 2 to 5 kilo-
metres and captured Hill 240, north of Exer-
mont and took the villages of Gesnes,
Fleury, Chéhéry and La Forge.

Despite heavy artillery and
machine-gun fire we forced the enemy
back to the "Kriemhilde" positions,
positions south of Poissie-de-Foret.

GOOD WORK BY WARWICK
SHIRES.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

A British Italian official report
states:—

The Warwickshires successfully raid-
ed trenches facing Asinga, taking 142
prisoners. Our casualties were 12.

ALLIED ATTACK ON
DURAZZO.

VALUABLE SERVICES RENDERED
BY AIRMEN.

MACHINE-GUNS SUPPLIED
WITH BOMBS.

32 HOSTILE PLANES BROUGHT
DOWN.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig,
reporting on aviation, states:—

Interest air activity was main-
tained on all possible occasions on the
battle-front of our counter-attack.

Our patrols successfully forestalled
the enemy's intentions by warning our
Headquarters.

Our advancing infantry were
screened by smoke curtains caused
by smoke bombs dropped from the
air, while our forward machine-guns
were supplied with ammunition
dropped by our airmen.

Our fighting squadrons kept the
air free of hostile machines, enabling
this work to be successfully carried
out."

We destroyed 27 hostile machines
and drove down five out of control.
Twelve British machines are missing.

"We dropped 20 tons of bombs
during the day and 30 tons at night.
Considerable damage was done to
junctions and communications."

THE AUSTRIAN VERSION.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

A wireless Austrian official report
states:—

About thirty units of enemy naval
forces and numerous airmen on the
2nd bombarded the town and harbour
of Durazzo for two hours. The
material damage is not important.

The enemy's attempt to penetrate
the harbour with torpedo-boats and
gliding boats failed. One enemy
gliding boat was sunk.

REPRISALS FOR GERMANY'S
CRIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

The Parliamentary group of rep-
resentatives of the invaded districts has
passed a resolution that the Govern-
ment should approach the Governments
of the Entente with a view to intimating
to Germany that reprisals will be exacted
for all crimes and destruction in
Allied countries.

A GERMAN REPORT.

LONDON, Oct. 4, 10.40 p.m.

A wireless German official report
states:—

The enemy captured Le Catelet
and advanced as far as Beauvois and penetrated
Sequehart.

We drove back the enemy on both sides of Le Catelet beyond his
starting positions and re-captured Beauvois and Mont Brehain.

Sequehart remains in the enemy's
hands.

Small French posts remain in the
Weissenberg and Medoc heights,
near Sommepy.

We have re-captured Challegny.

AIR-RAIDS INTO GERMANY.

INTREPID BRITISH AVIATORS.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

The Press Bureau states:—

An independent force on the night
of the 3rd bombed the railways at
Metz and the aerodromes at
Morhange and Frescaty.

Observation was difficult, but a
fire and explosion were observed at
Frescaty.

All our machines returned.

GERMANS BOMB CLEARING
HOSPITAL.

SIXTY KILLED AND EQUAL
NUMBER INJURED.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

German aeroplanes twice bombed
Châlons-sur-Marne on the night of
the 1st.

A score of bombs were dropped.
Several fell on a clearing hospital.

Sixty of the sick were killed and
an equal number injured.

ITALIAN ADVANCE IN
ALBANIA.

CONTINUES ON WHOLE FRONT.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

An Italian official report states:—

In Albania we continued to ad-
vance on the whole front between the
Sea and the Tomorina mountains
on Thursday.

One column crossed the Semeni
and advanced across the plain of
Mazukja on Ljuna, an important
supply centre.

The other column from Berat
advanced in the direction of E-
Bussan.

THE ITALIAN FRONT.

GOOD WORK BY WARWICK
SHIRES.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

A British Italian official report
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The Warwickshires successfully raid-
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PRINCIPAL SERVICES RENDERED
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"We dropped 20 tons of bombs
during the day and 30 tons at night.
Considerable damage was done to
junctions and communications."

A CALENDAR OF
CELESTIAL
WATERWAYS

Illustrated by six Photogravures and
containing twelve Quotations from the
“SAYINGS OF CONFUCIUS”
with six verses on river and lake written
by famous

CHINESE POETS.
Packed ready for posting,
PRICE \$2.50

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,
ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.
Telephone, 16.

To-day's Advertisements

HONGKONG CRICKET LEAGUE.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING will be held in the Pavilion of the Hongkong Cricket Club on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 9th inst. at 5.30 p.m.
H. TAYLER,
Hon. Secretary and Treasurer.

Hongkong, Oct. 7, 1918. 809

BIRTH:

NOLAN.—At “Rock View,” No. 153, Wan Chai Road, on the 5th inst. to Mr. and Mrs. N. G. NOLAN, a son.

The China Mail.

HONGKONG, MONDAY, Oct. 7, 1918.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS and Conditions of the Letting by Public Auction, Sale, to be held on TUESDAY, the 16th day of Oct., 1918, at 3 p.m., at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of one Lot of CROWN LAND at Yau Ma Tei, in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 75 years.

Particulars of the Lot.									
No. of Lots	Registry No.	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in Acres	Annual Rent	Annual Value	Cost Price	Time	Method
1	Regd. No. 1350	Yau Ma Tei, Kowloon	As per sale plan	2.229 34	100	100	100	100	100

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

on

F R I D A Y ,

the 11th Oct., 1918, at 10.30 a.m.,

at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,

Des Voeux Road, Corner of

Ice House Street,

A LARGE QUANTITY OF

VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD

FURNITURE, &c., &c.

(Principally blackwood)

Removed to Sales Rooms for Convenience of Sale

including upright Grand Piano by Neuman.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue).

Team, Cash.

On view, 10th instant noon.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Oct. 7, 1918. 811

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM SINGAPORE.

THE Steamer “VAN WAERWIJK”

having arrived from the above port, Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous port of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf of Godown Co. Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves, delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 12th instant at 5 p.m. will be subject to rates.

All broken, chipped and damaged packages are to be left in the Godown where they will be examined. Claims against the steamer must be presented within 10 days of arrival otherwise they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by JARDINE, MATTHESON & CO., LTD., General Managers.

Hongkong, Oct. 7, 1918. 812

“PREMO CAMERA”

\$1.50 each.

TAKES WONDERFUL PICTURE.

A. TACK & CO.,

26, Des Voeux Road Central.

1918

parties to this struggle, at Brasilitovsk and Bucharest. They have convinced us that they are without honour and do not intend justice. They observe no covenants, accept no principle but force and their own interest. We cannot come to terms with them. They have made it impossible. The German people must by this time be fully aware that we cannot accept the word of those who forced this war upon us. We do not think the same thoughts or speak the same language of agreement. It is of capital importance that we should also be explicitly agreed that no peace shall be obtained by any kind of compromise or abatement of the principles we have avowed as the principles for which we are fighting. There should be no doubt about that.” The enemy Powers must have been aware of that in secret declaration delivered in New York as recently as September 26th. After the declaration we have quoted above President Wilson said: “If it be, in deed and in truth, the common object of the Government associated against Germany and of the nations whom they govern, as I believe it to be, to achieve by the coming settlements a secure and lasting peace, it will be necessary that all who sit down at the peace table shall come ready and willing to pay the price, the only price, that will procure it; and ready and willing also, to create in some wise fashion the only instrumentation by which it can be made certain that the agreements of the peace will be honoured and fulfilled.” President Wilson declared that the constitution of a League of Nations and the clear definition of its objects must be a part, in a sense the most essential part, of the peace settlement. “It is necessary to guarantee peace . . . it would be folly to leave the guarantee to the subsequent voluntary action of the Government we have seen to destroy Russia and deceive Rumania.” Some of the general terms of a settlement were stated by President Wilson—with the greater confidence because he could state them authoritatively as respecting the United States Government’s own duty with regard to peace—as follows:

First, the impartial justice meted out must involve no discrimination between those to whom we wish to be just and those to whom we do not wish to be just. It must be justice that plays no favourites and knows no standard, but the equal rights of the several peoples concerned;

Second, no special or separate interest of any single nation or group of nations can be made the basis of any part of the settlement which is not consistent with the common interest of all;

Third, there can be no leagues or alliances or special covenants and understandings within the League and no common family of the League of Nations;

Fourth, and more specifically, there can be no special selfish economic combinations within the League and no employment of any form of economic boycott or exclusion except as the power of economic penalty by exclusion from the markets of the world may be vested in the League of Nations itself as a means of discipline and control.

Fifth, all international agreements and treaties of every kind must be made known in their entirety to the rest of the world.

It is with this speech before them that our enemies have asked for an armistice without being prepared to accept the terms and conditions which the Allies regard as absolutely essential to permanent peace. It is not without a certain significance in this respect that the enemy Powers should have addressed their communication to President Wilson. A story was recently told in a Home paper of a German prisoner, who being asked when the war was likely to end, replied: “We ought to win, because we have God on our side, but now the Allies have America!” We would like to direct the attention of our readers to the great speech on Peace conditions to which we have alluded above. It will be found in *extenso* in last Saturday’s *China Mail*—the only local paper which has reproduced it. The speech was sent to the Philippines and the U.S. Legation in Peking, by wireless, and there has been only a brief reference to it in Reuter’s service of cables from London. It is regarded as the greatest of the series of historic speeches which President Wilson has made on the subject of the war issues. In this speech President Wilson insisted that there can be no peace obtained by any kind of bargain or compromise with the Governments of the Central Empires because we have dealt with them already and have seen them deal with other Governments that were

parties to this struggle, at Brasilitovsk and Bucharest. They have convinced us that they are without honour and do not intend justice. They observe no covenants, accept no principle but force and their own interest. We cannot come to terms with them. They have made it impossible. The German people must by this time be fully aware that we cannot accept the word of those who forced this war upon us. We do not think the same thoughts or speak the same language of agreement. It is of capital importance that we should also be explicitly agreed that no peace shall be obtained by any kind of compromise or abatement of the principles we have avowed as the principles for which we are fighting. There should be no doubt about that.” The enemy Powers must have been aware of that in secret declaration delivered in New York as recently as September 26th. After the declaration we have quoted above President Wilson said: “If it be, in deed and in truth, the common object of the Government associated against Germany and of the nations whom they govern, as I believe it to be, to achieve by the coming settlements a secure and lasting peace, it will be necessary that all who sit down at the peace table shall come ready and willing to pay the price, the only price, that will procure it; and ready and willing also, to create in some wise fashion the only instrumentation by which it can be made certain that the agreements of the peace will be honoured and fulfilled.” President Wilson declared that the constitution of a League of Nations and the clear definition of its objects must be a part, in a sense the most essential part, of the peace settlement. “It is necessary to guarantee peace . . . it would be folly to leave the guarantee to the subsequent voluntary action of the Government we have seen to destroy Russia and deceive Rumania.” Some of the general terms of a settlement were stated by President Wilson—with the greater confidence because he could state them authoritatively as respecting the United States Government’s own duty with regard to peace—as follows:

First, the impartial justice meted out must involve no discrimination between those to whom we wish to be just and those to whom we do not wish to be just. It must be justice that plays no favourites and knows no standard, but the equal rights of the several peoples concerned;

Second, no special or separate interest of any single nation or group of nations can be made the basis of any part of the settlement which is not consistent with the common interest of all;

Third, there can be no leagues or alliances or special covenants and understandings within the League and no common family of the League of Nations;

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NEWS OF THE DAY.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The Prospectus of the Hongkong Technical Institute for the session October-June, has been issued. It covers a fairly wide field of instruction.

The total output of the Kailan Mining Administration’s mines for the week ending 21st Sept., 1918, amounted to 45,605 tons and the sales during the period, to 45,431 tons.

The committee of the Kowloon Cricket Club have arranged that the opening of the New Ground, previously advertised for Saturday, 28th September, shall take place on Saturday next, October 12th, at 3 p.m. All friends and members of other clubs are cordially invited.

Telegrams received from Peking report that a most serious outrage has been committed there, says Reuter’s Peking correspondent. On the arrival of a river steamer the Customs began the usual search of the vessel, but Japanese soldiers interfered, maltreated the Russian and Chinese searchers, and took away the British Deputy Commissioner, Mr. Mansfield, the son of the former British Consul-General at Canton.

All residents of the Colony who knew Sir Henry Berkeley, K.C., who from 1902 to 1906 was Attorney General in Hongkong, will regret to see the announcement of his death at Home, where he has been residing since he left Hongkong and Lady Berkeley and her daughters will have the sincere sympathy of many friends in Hongkong in their bereavement.

HONGKONG OFFICIALS HONoured.

We have pleasure in announcing that His Majesty the King has been pleased to appoint the Hon. Mr. E. R. Halifax, Secretary for Chinese Affairs, and the Hon. Mr. C. M. Meiser to be Officers of the Order of the British Empire.

These honours have doubtless been conferred in recognition of valuable services rendered by both recipients in connection with the war.

The Hon. Mr. E. R. Halifax has undertaken from the very beginning the onerous duties of Honorary Secretary of the War Charities Committee, which, as the most casual reader of the newspapers will have gathered, entails a very considerable amount of responsibility and labour, and we are sure the community will agree that the recognition now accorded has been well deserved.

We are also sure that it will be generally recognized that the honour is no less deserved in the case of the Captain-Superintendent of Police upon whom the war cast, from its very beginning, a very heavy burden of additional responsibility in which he appeared in Court with a bandage across his face.

Defendant said he had enjoyed him self and was drunk with the result that was oblivious of what had happened at the time.

Inspector Sim said that the defendant stabbed the complainant on the back with a knife.

Mr. Wolfe sentenced defendant to three weeks’ hard labour.

LARCENY OF MAT BAGS.

A Chinese was charged with the larceny of mat bags.

Sergeant Murphy said that the whole blame should be attached to the complainant for leaving the mat bags in the street on Canton Road.

Defendant was also assaulted by an Indian constable, in consequence of which he appeared in Court with a bandage across his face.

The Magistrate remarked that he must get the Police to arrest the defendant if he continued to put the mat bags in the public street.

Defendant was sentenced to two weeks’ hard labour.

PORtUGUESE RED CROSS FUND.

The Hon. Secretary, Club de Recreio, Kowloon, begs to acknowledge with thanks the following further donations to the Portuguese Red Cross Fund:

Already acknowledged \$940.00
Nippon Yusen Kaisha 10.00
Botelho Bros 300.00
Anonymous 25.00
Carvalho & Co 25.00
Pacific Mail S.S. Co 20.00
Union Trading Co 100.00
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak 25.00
Banque de L’Indo-Chine 5.00
H.E. the Officer Administering the Government 25.00
Mr. Claud Severn 25.00
Anonymous 6.00
J. M. Roche & Co 25.00
Total collections by street sides of flags by young ladies 2,950.00
\$4,455.00

LADY MAY’S ROSE FUND.

LIST No. 6.

Already acknowledged \$1,573.50

Mr. M. J. D. Stephens 100.00

Mr. N. J. Stabb 100.00

Total \$1,773.50

Great credit is due to the following Committee which was responsible for the arrangements—Messrs. P. V. Botelho (President); V. L. de Souza (Secretary); F. M. Garcia; D. M. Vitoria; P. V. Yanovich; D. Goncalves; O. Oliveira; P. A. Xavier; C. A. Lopez; B. M. C. Cunha; and A. Souza.

CHILDREN’S COLDS.

WHY let the children rock their little bodies in such distressing manner when you can so easily cure their colds with a bottle of Chamberlain’s Cough Remedy! It is sold by all Chemists and druggists.

THE MAGISTRACY.

SHOOTING ON THE PRAYA.

A Chinese was charged before Mr. J. R. Wood with wantonly and negligently firing an airgun, using the Praya as his target.

The consequence was that a woman with a child, who happened to be passing the Praya at the time, was shot; one of the shots struck the head of

MONDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1918.

THE CHINA MAIL.

SHIPPING

P. & O. S. N. CO.

ROYAL MAIL SERVICE

UNDER CONTRACT WITH HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT
TO**MARSEILLES AND LONDON**

TAKING PASSENGERS AND CARGO TO

STRAITS, COLOMBO, INDIA, AUSTRALASIA, EGYPT, &c.

Steamers to Colombo	Leave Hongkong Noon	Connecting Mail Steamer from Colombo.	Due Marseilles	Due London

When Passengers change Steamers at COLOMBO

Accommodation in the connecting Steamer from COLOMBO is definitely reserved in Hongkong at the time of Booking.

On the Australian Route Tickets Interchangeable with Orient Line.

**SAILINGS DIRECT TO
SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND
YOKOHAMA.**

S. S.

Leaves Hongkong About:

Passengers may travel by Railway in Japan between Ports of Call free of charge.

INTERMEDIATE STEAMERS (Non-Transhipment), IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE MAIL STEAMERS, WILL LEAVE DIRECT FOR**MARSEILLES AND LONDON**,

Calling at SINGAPORE, PORT SWEETHEAUM, PENANG, COLOMBO AND PORT SAID.

CARRYING 1ST AND 2ND SALOON PASSENGERS AT REDUCED RATES.

PROPOSED SAILINGS:

Steamers.	Leave H'KONG about	Leave S'PORE about	Arrives Marseilles	Due at London about

THE INTERMEDIATE SERVICE IS TEMPORARILY SUSPENDED.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS. All Cubes are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge and each Berth Furnished with an Electric Reading Lamp.

Owing to the War in Europe Steamers and Sailing dates are liable to be cancelled or altered without notice.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Consignees are reminded of the necessity to apply to the Company's Agents regarding arrival of consignments exported of which they have received documents or advice.

Any damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Company's Surveyors Messrs Geddes and Douglas, at 10 a.m. on Mondays and Thursdays. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognised. No Claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

For further information, Passage Fares, Freights, Handbooks, Dates of Sailings etc., apply to.

P. L. KNIGHT,
Acting Superintendent.**NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.**
(JAPAN MAIL S.S. CO.)

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATION STEAMER & DISPLACEMENT SAILING DATES

Shanghai, Kobe & Shidzoaka Maru, 18,520 tons THU, 10th Oct, 11 a.m.
Yokohama * Kaga Maru, 12,300 tons WED, 30th Oct, 11 a.m.Nagasaki, Kobe & Aki Maru, 12,500 tons SAT, 19th Oct, 11 a.m.
Yokohama * Nikko Maru, 8,800 tons SAT, 14th Dec, 11 a.m.Shanghai, Moji & Totomi Maru, 7,000 tons FRI, 18th Oct,
Kobe

London or Liverpool via Spore, Colombo, Delagoa Bay & Cape Town

Melbourne via Manilla, Zamboanga, Thursday Is., Townsville, Brisbane, & Sydney

New York via Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama, San Francisco & Panama Canal

Bombay via Singapore, Malacca, & Colombo

Calcutta via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon

Ommitting Shanghai and/or Moji

* Wireless Telegraphy.

HONGKONG-VICTORIA B.C.-SEATTLE VIA

Manila, Keelung, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokkaichi, Shimidzu & Yokohama.

Operated by the magnificent and splendidly equipped Passenger Steamers "Fushimi Maru," "Suwa Maru," "Kashima Maru" and "Katori Maru," each of over 20,000 tons displacement.

Next sailing from Hongkong:

Katori Maru, SUNDAY, 29th Oct, at 11 a.m.

Suwa Maru, THURSDAY, 14th Nov., at 11 a.m.

Omitting Manila Eastbound.

For further information apply to

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,

B. MORI, Manager

SCOTTISH LETTER.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

INCREASE IN AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION.

GLASGOW, July 29.

The Agricultural Committee of Scotland have done some very fine work of recent months. The wheat crop of Scotland has been increased by 15,000 acres, and the oat crop by 196,000 acres, and the potato crop by 23,000 acres.

There is some decrease in the barley crop, but the net increase in the whole of these crops is 227,000 acres as compared with 1917. Considering the vast difficulties under which Scotch farmers have laboured not only during the past year but even since the war commenced, in connection especially with the provision of labour, it is a high tribute to the work of the Executive Committee and to the patriotism of the farmers themselves. This acreage fails to be added to an increase in the previous year of 49,000 acres, making an increase in two years of 276,000 acres of land under crop. It is gratifying that this increase has been obtained without any diminution in the total numbers of live stock. The number of cattle in Scotland is practically the same as it was before. There is an actual increase in the number of sheep. Of pigs there has been some decrease, but taking the whole cattle stock of the country together, it is found that in spite of very large areas taken out of pasture and put under cultivation, there is no real diminution in live stock. All this points to a very satisfactory condition of agriculture in Scotland.

OUR WAR SAVINGS.

Scotland has come out on top in the purchase of War Savings Certificates for the first six months of the present year, with an average of £1,115. per head of the population. This does not take into consideration the purchases made through banks, agents, or stockbrokers in England, which are included in the English returns; nor is the £49,000,000 sterling invested by the Scottish Savings Banks taken into account.

DEATH MASK OF MARY, QUEEN OF SCOTS.

An exhibition is being held at Langside to mark the 350th year since the battle which sealed the fate of Mary, Queen of Scots. We in the North are always interested in the memories of that eventful day, 13th May, 1568, the sunset of which saw the young and beautiful Queen, "defenders and undone," a fugitive fitting post-haste with Lord Kerril for the Solway, beyond which, after nearly 20 years of captivity, lay Fotheringay. A small enough battle Langside, yet a great moment of history. And it is fitting that it should be remembered even at this time of world-wide war, and that the monies raised should be devoted to the purposes of that great war, charity, the Red Cross.

When the mythical Russians were coming through in 1914, a lot of Scots soldiers were mistaken for Russians by virtue of their accent, but this is the first time we have heard of the Glasgow accent being mistaken for Indo-English.

AUSTRALIA'S LATEST WARSHIP.

LAUNCHING OF THE "ADELAIDE."

"I name this ship *Adeelaide*. May she ever be victorious, and may the blessing of God rest on all those who sail in her." With these words, Lady Helen Munro Ferguson at Sydney, broke a bottle of Australian wine on the bow of Australia's new warship—the sister ship to the *Brisbane*. Certain devices and machinery were put in motion, and the great vessel glided quietly down the slip into the water. The launching was a complete success, and was received by a mishap of any kind or degree. There was perhaps 15,000 people on Cockatoo Island to witness the ceremony.The christening ceremony was brief and impressive. As the wine dripped slowly over the beautiful wreath which was fastened to the bows of the *Adeelaide* the order was passed, and down in the slipway beneath the vessel a scene of tumultuous activity commenced. All the chocks were removed without difficulty. Lady Helen Munro Ferguson was handed a mallet and chisel, with which she cut the rope. On the platform all eyes were on the *Adeelaide*. The ship moved very slowly at first, and then gathered speed in a moment. The crowd burst into great cheer. Hats and umbrellas were waved, and steam sirens booted as the *Adeelaide* entered the water, like a living thing, as if she knew that she had reached her natural element. The ship shook herself free from her cradle and floated gracefully and upright on a perfectly even keel.LOSS OF WEIGHT
A SIGN OF DEBILITY.

How Many People are Maintaining Their Strength.

When you are ill and losing weight, falling in strength and growing pale and yellow day by day it is a sign that you need more blood.

Whatever the cause there can be no relief until the blood is built up so that it will carry renewed life and strength to every part of the body.

A remedy that arrests the decline in health and strength that begins to restore the weakened muscles and strengthen the nerves demonstrates at once to the patient that the anaemia is being overcome, and that rich red blood is now helping to fight off rheumatism, sciatica, lumbar and other diseases to which the victim of thin blood is liable.

Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people are a specific for thin blood, and any illness caused by a lack of blood will be benefited by a course of treatment with these tonic pills. They contain just the elements needed to build up the blood and restore lost vitality. Now energy circulates through the system, the heart stops its alarming palpitation, colour returns to cheek and lip.

Begin a course of pills without delay. Dr. Williams' pink pills are obtainable from all medicine vending everywhere, also next free one book for 1/- and six for 4/- from the "China Office" of Dr. Williams' Medicine Co. of St. Albans, London.

FREE to Readers. A useful little Health Guide will be sent free to you if you direct a postcard request to the above address.

Prices 6/- and 2/-

OF ALL CHEMISTS

WATERBURY'S
METABOLIZED
COD LIVER OIL
COMPOUND

The finest preparation made for combating severe coughs.

CURES any cough that is

only a cough. Very palatable.

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EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 5.)

THE ITALIAN FRONT.
BRITISH ADVANCE.

London, Oct. 5.

An Italian official message says—The British broke into the lines at Asso on the Asiago Plateau and destroyed the defensive works and took 150 prisoners.

The enemy attacked northward of Grappa on Mount Solarolo, the front-head of the Sizzano Valley. He got a foothold in our post at Maggiano, suffering heavy losses.

Air activity was intense. We brought down four aeroplanes.

ITALIANS ADVANCE IN ALBANIA.

In Albania we passed Ljusnati.

ITALIAN SUCCESSES IN MACEDONIA.

In Macedonia the surrender of the Bulgarians facing our positions on the Monastir-Kicevo road began on Thursday.

One hundred and ninety-one officers, of whom two are brigade commanders, and four regimental commanders, and 7,218 of other ranks are already counted; also eight guns, 70 machine-guns and other material.

THE PALESTINE OFFENSIVE.

OVER 70,000 PRISONERS.

London, Oct. 5.

A Palestine official message states—The general situation is unchanged. Our cavalry, northward and westward of Damasus, is clearing the country.

We have taken over 15,000 prisoners. Since Sept. 18th, we have captured 71,000 prisoners and 350 guns. King Hussein's Arabs took an additional 8,000. Included in these figures are several Turkish commanders and 7,206 Austrians and Germans.

THE GERMAN POLITICAL CRISIS.

DR. SOLF APPOINTED FOREIGN SECRETARY.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 5.

A Berlin official message reports that Dr. Solf has been appointed Foreign Secretary. He continues as Minister for the Colonies during the war.

VIEWS IN AMERICA.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.

The composition of the new German Cabinet in generally interpreted here as a desperate effort by the Prussian militarists to hoodwink the Entente and German people into a belief in the democratization of Germany. It is predicted that Germany is about to make a new peace proposal disguised under the most attractive democratic programme. It is pointed out, however, that as the Government is not responsible to the Reichstag and Herr Scheidemann and Herr Grüner are without power and without portfolio, the Junkers are still in actual control.

TRANSPORT OF AMERICAN TROOPS.

STRIKING FIGURES.

London, Oct. 5.

Striking figures respecting the transport of American troops to Europe show that the total up to Sept. 30th was 1,750,000, of whom British ships carried approximately 1,000,000.

Seventy per cent. of the work of convoying was performed by the British Navy.

During Sept. 311,000 Americans, 3,000 Canadians and 4,000 American volunteers were transported to Europe. Half of these Americans landed in France and the remainder in England. The largest single convoy from the United States came in September. It numbered over 31,000. The previous record was 29,000.

The figures emphasise the enormous contribution America is making, the strength of the British Navy and the failure of the much vaunted U-boat threats to prevent the arrival of the American Army.

GERMAN COAL FOR HOLLAND.

PRICES RISED.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 5.

It is officially announced that the prices of coal, of which Germany agreed to supply Holland with 120,000 tons monthly for five months, has been raised by 45 guilders a ton, making the average pithead price 90 guilders per ton.

Holland also gives Germany credit of 30 guilders for every ton supplied.

SUNSHINE AND COMMON SENSE.

London, Oct. 5.

DON'T doctor your blood for rheumatism. Use an extract of Chamberlain's Pol. Balsam. In a few days it will get you up and the sunshine, the sun and Nature will restore the rich red colour of your veins and soon rid the system of this trouble-some disease. For details, all Chemists and druggists.

THE BULGARIAN SITUATION.

FERDINAND'S AbdICATION REPORTED.

Bulgaria abdicated yesterday in favour of Prince Boris, who has assumed power.

THE REPORT CONFIRMED.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 5.

Venice officially confirms the abdication of King Ferdinand and the succession of Prince Boris.

A SERBIAN SUCCESS.

London, Oct. 5.

A Serbian communiqué states—We repulsed Austro-German reinforcements on Oct. 4, and pursued them towards the old Serbian-Turkish frontier, taking 100 prisoners.

THE AUSTRIAN PEACE NOTE.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 5.

The Berliner Telegram publishes a message from Vienna which states that the British reply to Count Burian's peace note was received in Vienna on September 30th. It requests Austria to specify her peace proposals more precisely.

A CLUMSY PEACE OFFENSIVE.

London, Oct. 5.

Referring to assertions of the Vienna Correspondents of the Berliner Tagblatt and Merkur's Sonder-Nachrichten that the British reply to Count Burian's peace note was received at Vienna on September 30th and requested Austria-Hungary to specify her proposals more precisely, the Berliner Telegraph says the assertions are untrue. "We are in a position to state that Mr. Balfour's speech of Sept. 1st is the only reply which Britain has given to the Austrian Note." The Berliner Telegraph describes the assertions as excellent examples of the clumsy peace offensive now in full blast and adds that enquiries in diplomatic circles last evening failed to elicit any confirmation whatever of the assertion of the Berliner Tagblatt's Vienna Correspondent that Holland at the instance of Austria-Hungary had despatched invitations to a peace conference.

ANOTHER VIENNA REPORT DENIED.

THE HAGUE, Oct. 5.

The Foreign Office states that there is not a word of truth in the Vienna reports that Holland has invited the belligerents to negotiate.

GERMAN PROPAGANDA.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 4.

The Mittags Zeitung announces the inauguration of a German Propaganda Ministry.

Apparently this is the sequel to widespread complaints in Germany against the efficiency of British propaganda.

GERMAN CONTROL OF RUSSIAN WARSHIPS.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 5.

Berlin announces that the battleship *Kronprinz*, with other units completed in time, are now under German control protecting the Black Sea and the straits.

This step is taken in agreement with the Moscow Government.

BRITISH STEAMER IN COLLISION.

ELDER-DEMPTER LINER SUNK.

London, Oct. 5.

A British steamer collided on Oct. 3rd with the steamer *Banda*, which sank immediately.

Forty-one survivors, including a lady, were landed.

NEW COTTON COMBINATION.

London, Oct. 5.

The Times states that a new combination in the Egyptian spinning trade, involving over a million spindles, is foreshadowed. Apparently a big London financial syndicate is concerned. It is understood that, so far, a definite agreement for purchases of the whole controlling interest has been reached only in connection with four Lancashire firms, comprising 667,000 spindles.

THE LONDON NEWSPAPER DEAL.

SYNDICATE TO SUPPORT PREMIER.

London, Oct. 5.

The Saturday Review, writing prior to the announcement of Sir Henry Daliel's purchase of the United Newspapers Ltd., said the Daily Chronicle had been sold to a syndicate formed to support Mr. Lloyd George.

The price is nearly a million sterling.

THE SILVER MARKET.

London, Oct. 5.

Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Company's Silver Report states—

The market continues good, with fair enquiry for manufacture. After reading to Mr. S. D. official China exchange rates, the Indian silver holding has risen from 1,342 to 2,150 lakhs in the last year or so.

SUNSHINE AND COMMON SENSE.

London, Oct. 5.

DON'T doctor your blood for rheumatism. Use an extract of Chamberlain's Pol. Balsam. In a few days it will get you up and the sunshine, the sun and Nature will restore the rich red colour of your veins and soon rid the system of this trouble-some disease. For details, all Chemists and druggists.

AUCTIONS.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction:

(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

on

SATURDAY,

the 19th Oct. 1918, at 12 o'clock Noon,

at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,

Des Voeux Road, Corner of

Ice House Street,

19 Cases PILSENER ALE,

13 Cases BEER SPLITS,

TEAMS Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers,

Hongkong, Oct. 5, 1918. 807

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received in-

STRUCTIONS from Messrs. F. W.

SIMPSON & CO., Chefoo, to sell by

Public Auction,

on

SATURDAY,

the 19th October, 1918, commencing at

11 a.m. and continuing at 2.30 p.m.,

at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,

Des Voeux Road, Corner of

Ice House Street,

Large and valuable consignment of

TABLE LINEN, DRAWN THREAD

WORK, LADIES' UNDERWEAR,

&c., &c.

These Articles are of exceptional value

equal to the best current work, being

made of high-class material with

exquisite modern designs in Richelieu

cut work and drawn thread embroidery.

Comprising heavy Irish linen

with Richelieu style medallions, a large

variety of beautifully embroidered Irish

linen, Tea Cloths and Tea Serviettes,

Towel Cloths and Serviettes of the Mosaic

Work, only produced by this firm.

Exceptional quality Ladies' Underwear,

Including exquisite designs in Silk,

Lawn and Long Cloth Night Dresses,

(Empire and other styles); Envelope

Chemises and Combinations of latest

patterns, also a fine assortment of

Petticoats, Flounces, hand-embroidered

fine voile and lawn Blouses, Collars, etc.

Also

A quantity of best quality Shanlee

Silk (heavy pongee).

Coloured Crepe de Chine for dresses,

A quantity of superior quality Long-

cloth in 15 yds. lengths.

A quantity of fine Nainsook in 12 yds.

lengths, &c., &c., &c.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue).

On view from Friday, the 18th inst.

TERMS.—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers,

Hongkong, Oct. 5, 1918. 808

OFFICIAL NIGHTS IN OCTOBER.

The following Table shows the Standard Time at which Official Night ends and begins during the month of Oct., 1918—

Date. Ends. Begins.

Oct. 7th. 6.5 a.m. 6.17 p.m.

" 8th. 6.6 " 6.16 "

" 9th. 6.6 " 6.15 "

" 10th. 6.6 " 6.14 "

" 11th. 6.6 " 6.13 "

" 12th. 6.6 " 6.12 "

" 13th. 6.7 " 6.11 "

" 14th. 6.7 " 6.10 "

" 15th. 6.8 " 6.9 "

" 16th. 6.8 " 6.8 "

" 17th.